

# TECHNICAL LIBRARY

### MEMORANDUM REPORT ARBRL-MR-03168

# COMPARISON OF SCATTER IN WEAR MEASUREMENTS OF LARGE CALIBER GUNS WITH NOZZLES

J. Richard Ward Irvin C. Stobie

April 1982



# US ARMY ARMAMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 3

Destroy this report when it is no longer needed. Do not return it to the originator.

Secondary distribution of this report by originating or sponsoring activity is prohibited.

Additional copies of this report may be obtained from the National Technical Information Service, U.S. Department of Commerce, Springfield, Virginia 22161.

The findings in this report are not to be construed as an official Department of the Army position, unless so designated by other authorized documents.

The use of trade names or manufacturers' names in this report does not constitute indorsement of any commercial product.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
Memorandum Report ARBRL-MR-03168	
4. TITLE (and Subtttle)	S. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
COMPARISON OF SCATTER IN WEAR MEASUREMENTS OF	
LARGE CALIBER GUNS WITH NOZZLES	
	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(e)	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(0)
J. RICHARD WARD	
IRVIN C. STOBIE	
A DEDECRING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS	10 DROCRAM ELEMENT BROLECT TARK
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS U.S. Army Ballistic Research Laboratory	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
ATTN: DRDAR-BLI	1L161102AH43
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005	1011024143
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS	12. REPORT DATE
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS U.S. Army Armament Research & Development Command U.S. Army Ballistic Research Laboratory (DRDAR-BL)	April 1982
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD. 21005	13. NUMBER OF PAGES
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(If different from Controlling Office)	1S. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
14. MONITORING AGENCT NAME & ADDRESS(IT different from Confrolling Office)	
	UNCLASSIFIED
	15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING
	SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)	
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimi	ted.
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from	m Report)
	A1
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Gun wear and erosion	
Stargauge	
90 mm Guns	
105 mm Guns	
155 mm Guns	
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)	-
A common technique to assess wear is to meas	ure loss from a nozzle exposed

A common technique to assess wear is to measure loss from a nozzle exposed to propellant combustion gases. Recent experiments in separate laboratories have rated that the scatter from the mass losses recorded for a series of shots with the same propellant is well outside experimental error. This suggests the scatter in data reflects the actual wear process itself and that understanding why the wear process seems erratic should be a key feature of any model of gun barrel wear, if such scatter is also characteristic of wear in guns. (continued on next page)

#### SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered

To see if the scatter in wear measurements seen with nozzles holds for large caliber guns, a survey was conducted to find wear tests meeting the following criteria: wear vs rounds fired was linear; frequent measurements were made; and the tubes were not chromium-plated. Data from fifteen such tests were collected ranging from 60 mm to 155 mm cannons. It was shown that the scatter in data in the large caliber guns was the same as seen in the nozzles. Typically, the sample standard deviation was 20-30 percent as large as the sample mean wear/round. Not only does this scatter represent a fruitful area of research for understanding how guns wear, but the inherent scatter must be kept in mind when designing gun wear tests.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
	LIST OF TABLES	5
I.	INTRODUCTION	7
II.	SCATTER IN WEAR FROM NOZZLES	7
III.	SCATTER IN GUN WEAR MEASUREMENTS	10
IV.	CONCLUSION	20
	REFERENCES	21
	DISTRIBUTION LIST	23

#### LIST OF TABLES

Tab1e		Page
1.	NOZZLE MASS LOSS AS A FUNCTION OF SHOT NUMBER	8
2.	NOZZLE WEAR LOSS MEASURED BY RADIOACTIVE TECHNIQUE	8
3.	SUMMARY OF CANNONS AND AMMUNITION FROM WHICH WEAR DATA WERE COLLECTED	11
4.	WEAR OF 60-mm CANNON SN BG-3 FIRING APFSDS PROJECTILES	12
5.	WEAR OF 90-mm CANNON T119 SN 38479 (UNPLATED) FIRING HVTP-T83 PROJECTILES	12
6.	WEAR OF 90-mm CANNON T139 SN 75382 FIRING M318A1 PROJECTILES .	12
7.	WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 196 FIRING M467 CARTRIDGES	13
8.	WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 3110 FIRING M392A2 PROJECTILES WITH TiO <sub>2</sub> / WAX	13
9.	WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 6601 FIRING M392A2 PROJECTILES WITH TiO2/WAX	14
10.	WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 3864 FIRING M456A1 PROJECTILES	14
11.	WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 4360 FIRING M456A1 PROJECTILES	15
12.	WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 6600 FIRING M456A1 PROJECTILES	15
13.	WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 455 FIRING M392A2 PROJECTILES (POLYURETHANE FOAM)	16
14.	WEAR OF M126 CANNON SN 16869 FIRING XM119 CHARGE	16
15.	WEAR OF M185 CANNON SN 22537 FIRING XM201E2 CHARGES	17
16.	WEAR OF M185 CANNON SN 22684 FIRING XM201E5 CHARGES	17
17.	WEAR OF M199 CANNON SN 72 FIRING XM201E2 (MOD) CHARGES	18
18.	WEAR OF M199 CANNON SN 74 FIRING XM201E5 CHARGE	18
19.	SUMMARY OF SCATTER IN WEAR MEASUREMENTS IN LARGE CALIBER GUNS.	19
20.	COMPARISON OF WEAR IN GUNS AND NOZZLES	19
21.	WEAR OF M199 CANNON SN 74 FIRING XM201E5 CHARGES	20

#### I. INTRODUCTION

A classic method to determine propellant erosivity is to measure the mass loss from a nozzle exposed to combustion gases from the propellant. Recent experiments in different laboratories<sup>1-4</sup> are endeavoring to test a claim made during World War II that propellants containing RDX or HMX are inherently more erosive than conventional propellants.<sup>5</sup> A common feature of the results from each laboratory is that the mean mass loss per shot with a given propellant far exceeds the experimental error from cleaning and weighing the nozzle. This implies that the scatter reflects the erratic nature of the wear process. It also suggests that experiments to test relative propellant erosivity must be designed and interpreted on the basis that the wear is erratic.

In this report results from wear tests in large caliber guns are reviewed to see if the same scatter seen in wear from nozzles appears in guns.

#### II. SCATTER IN WEAR FROM NOZZLES

The results from experiments in reference 1 serve to illustrate the scatter in data, since a total of twelve shots was fired for each of four propellants, and a radioactive technique devised by Niiler<sup>6</sup>, 7 was also used to measure actual wear. Table 1 reports the mass loss experiments and Table 2 lists the wear losses measured with the radioactive technique. Figure 1 depicts the scatter in the wear measurement (Table 2). One sees the wear for M5 propellant ranges from  $0.49\mu$  to  $0.16\mu$ , while the wear for the RDX propellant, HEP, ranges from  $0.46~\mu$  to  $0.10~\mu$ .

<sup>1</sup>R.W. Geene et al, "Erosivity of a Nitramine Propellant," BRL Technical Report TR-02094, August 1978. (AD A060590)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>J.R. Ward and R.W. Geene, "Erosivity of a Nitramine Propellant with Flame Temperature of M30," BRL Memorandum Report 02926, June 1979. (AD A074346)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>A.J. Bracuti, L. Bottei, J. Lannon, and L.H. Caveny, "Evaluation of Propellant Erosivity with Vented Erosion Apparatus," Proceedings of the 1980 JANNAF Propulsion Meeting, CPIA Publication 315, March 1980.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>J.R. Ward, R.W. Geene, A. Niiler, A. Rye, and B. Grollman, "Blowout Gun Erosivity Experiments with Double-Base, Triple-Base, and Nitramine Propellants," <u>ibid</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>N.H. Smith, "Comparison of the Erosiveness of Propellant Powders," NDRC Armor and Ordnance Report No. A-451, October 1945.

 $<sup>^6</sup>$ S.E. Caldwell and A. Niiler, "The Measurement of Wear from Steel Using the Radioactive Co $^{56}$ ," BRL Report No. 1923, September 1976. (AD A030262)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>R. Birkmire and A. Niiler, "Radioactive Tracers in Erosion Wear Measurements," Proceedings of the Tri-Service Gun Tube Wear and Erosion Symposium, ARRADCOM, Dover, NJ, March 1977.

TABLE 1. NOZZLE MASS LOSS AS A FUNCTION OF SHOT NUMBER

Mass Losses, mg

Shot No.	HFP	<u>M5</u>	<u>M8</u>	M30	<u>M1</u>
1	5.1	5.7	23.1	4.5	2.3
2	2.5	3.9	19.6	3.6	2.1
3	1.6	3.0	12.6	2.8	0.7
4	2.9	4.9	17.2	2.0	2.6
5	3.0	2.7	21.8	3.2	0.9
6	2.9	8.9	15.9	2.2	1.7
7	3.9	4.2	14.3	3.8	2.2
8	3.8	5.7	16.1	2.9	1.2
9	3.2	7.1	16.5	3.3	1.2
10	3.6	4.0	11.9	1.7	1.0
11	2.3	5.2	25.8	2.6	1.4
12	1.9	4.8	17.4	1.8	1.1
Total Mass Loss, mg	36.7	60.1	212.2	34.4	18.4
Mean Mass Loss, mg	3.1	5.0	17.7	2.9	1.5
Sample Std. Deviation, mg	1.0	1.7	4.2	0.9	0.6

TABLE 2. NOZZLE WEAR LOSS MEASURED BY RADIOACTIVE TECHNIQUE

Wear Loss, microns

Shot No.	HFP	<u>M5</u>
1	0.46	0.49
2 3	0.23	0.27
3	0.42	0.29
4	0.20	0.35
5	. 0.26	0.27
6	0.10	0.42
7	0.28	0.16
8	0.17	0.49
9	0.17	0.55
10	0.33	0.48
11	0.19	0.33
12	0.15	0.53
Total Wear Loss, µ	2.96	4.63
Mean Wear Loss, µ	0.25	0.39
Sample Std Deviation, $\mu$	0.11	0.12

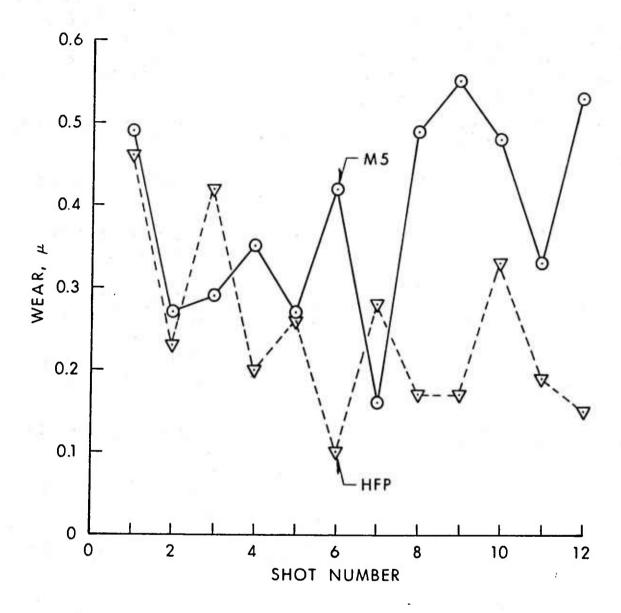


Figure 1. Wear VS Shots Number In Nozzles As Measured By The Radioactive Technique.

#### III. SCATTER IN GUN WEAR MEASUREMENTS

Wear data was collected for cannons which met the following criteria: frequent diameter measurements were made during testing; tubes were not chromium plated; and wear <u>vs</u> rounds fired was linear over the range considered. In general direct-fire tank cannons wear linearly through the condemnation limit, while wear/round decreases for howitzers after an initial linear portion. Data for howitzers were restricted to this initial period. Table 3 lists the guns having data to meet these criteria. 8-17 Tables 4-18 list wear measurements for these guns.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>G. Samos, B.B. Grollman, and J.R. Ward, "Barrel Erosion Rate of a 60-mm MC-AAAC Gun," BRL Memorandum Report No. 02857, August 1978. (AD A059804)

 $<sup>^9</sup>$ P.R. Grepps, "Development Tests of Laminar Cooling of Gun Bores, 90-mm, M41," Sixth Report on Ordnance Project No. TW-417, June 1959.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>R.H. Nelson, "Third Report on the Development Tests of the 90-mm Gun, T119," Fourth Report on Ordnance Project No. TR 3-3045, December 1953.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>P.R. Grepps, "Component Development Test of Laminar Coolant, Barrel-Wear-Reducing-Additive in Cartridge 105-mm APDS-T M392E1 for 105-mm Gun, M68, Ammunition Components," DPS Report No. 768, January 1963.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>R.P. Grepps <u>et al</u>, "Final Report of Product Improvement Test of Ammunition Additive Effect on M41 and M68 Gun Tube Life," DPS Report No. 1520, December 1964.

<sup>13</sup> L.R. Nealley, "Development and Engineering Tests of Cartridge 105-mm, M393E1 HEP-T and TP-T," DPS Report No. 463, June 1962.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>T.G. Hughes, "DTII Test of Propelling Charge, 155-mm, XM201E5," APG Firing Record P-82646, July 1977.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>J.A. Demaree, "155-mm M185 Tube Wear Test of Charge Propelling XM201E5," JPG Report No. 76-601, June 1976.

<sup>16</sup> J.R. Struve and J.S. Whitcraft, "Final Report of Engineering Test of Charge, Propelling, 155-mm, XM119, with Projectile, 155-mm HE M107 in the Howitzer SP, 155-mm M109," DPS Report No. 1464, October 1964.

<sup>17</sup> P.V. Tague, "DTII of the XM198, 155-mm Howitzer, XM199E9 Tube Wear Investigation," YPG Firing Report 13702, February 1977.

TABLE 3. SUMMARY OF CANNONS AND AMMUNITION FROM WHICH WEAR DATA WERE COLLECTED

Remarks	All rounds with Wear-reducing Additives		Polyurethane foam	Polyurethane foam	TiO <sub>2</sub> -wax			TiO <sub>2</sub> -wax	TiO <sub>2</sub> -wax	Ti02-wax	
Ref.	∞	10	6	11,12	12	13	15	14	17	14	16
mber , MPa											
Nominal Peak Chamber Pressure, MPa	551	317	358	414	420	165	205	205	205	205	341
/e1.											
Nominal Muzzle Vel m/s	1,524	1,250	914	1,485	1,174	732	069	069	069	069	069
Propellant	M30	M17	M17	M30	M30	M1	M30	M30	M30	M30	M30
Proj	Ä				_			_		_	-
Projectile	APFSDS	HVTP-T83	M318A1-AP-T	APDS-T	HEAT-T	TP-T	M107	M107	M107	M107	M107
Cartridge/ Propelling Charge	*	*	*	M392A2	M456A1	M467	XM201E2	XM201E5	XM201E2(mod)	XM201E5	XM119
Cal. Cannon	60 MC-AAAC	90 T119	90 T139	105 M68	105 M68	105 M68	155 M185	155 M185	155 M199	155 M199	155 M126

TABLE 4. WEAR OF 60-mm CANNON SN BG-3 FIRING APFSDS PROJECTILES\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd. over interval, $\mu$
BF**	1 (0.025)	
14	11 ( .28)	18
27	23 ( .58)	23
34	29 ( .74)	22
47	36 ( .91)	14
69	52 (1.32)	19

<sup>\*</sup> Vertical land diameter measured with a stargauge at 27.50" (527.0 mm)
rear face of the tube (RFT). Zero corresponds to diameter of 2.362" (60.00 mm).
\*\* Before fire

TABLE 5. WEAR OF 90-mm CANNON T119 SN 38479 (UNPLATED) FIRING HVTP-T83 PROJECTILE\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear Measurement, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, μ
BF	0	
14	5 ( .13)	9.3
54	35 ( .90)	19
104	64 (1.63)	15
154	85 (2.16)	11
204	99 (2.51)	7.0
264	127 (3.23)	12

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land diameter measured with a stargauge at 641.4 mm (25.25 in) RFT. Zero corresponds to 3.546" (90.07 mm).

TABLE 6. WEAR OF 90-mm CANNON T139 SN 75382 FIRING M318A1 PROJECTILES\*

Tube Rd No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, $\mu$
3 103	4 (0.10) 18 (.46)	3.6
203	41 (1.04)	5.8
303	54 (1.37)	3.3
403	67 (1.70)	3.3
503	77 (1.96)	2.6
603	89 (2.26)	3.0
703	104 (2.64)	3.8
803	124 (3.15)	5.1
903	135 (3.43)	2.8

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a stargauge at 25.25" (641.4 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 3.543" (89.99 mm)

TABLE 7. WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 196 FIRING M467 CARTRIDGES\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, mils (mm)**	Wear/rd over interval, $\mu$
930	25 (0.64)	
1070	30 ( .76)	0.86
1310	24 ( .61)	.62
1560	29 ( .74)	.52
2260	33 ( .84)	.14
2560	35 ( .89)	.17
2910	35 ( .89)	0.0
4120	43 (1.09)	.17

<sup>\*</sup> Vertical land diameter measured with a stargauge at 25.25" (641.4 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 4.134" (105.0 mm).

\*\*Estimated from data in Figure 39 of reference 13.

TABLE 8. WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 3110 FIRING M392A2 PROJECTILES WITH TiO<sub>2</sub> WAX\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over	interval, $\mu$
603	7 (0.18)		
903	8 ( .20)	0.07	
1203	7 ( .18)	0.07	
1502	10 ( .25)	0.23	
1803	11 ( .28)	.10	
2203	14 ( .36)	.20	
2503	17 ( .43)	.23	
2903	18 ( .46)	.08	
3403	20 ( .51)	.10	
3703	23 ( .58)	.23	
4103	23 ( .58)	0.0	
4503	27 ( .69)	0.27	
5203	30 ( .76)	.10	
5603	30 ( .76)	0.0	

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a stargauge at 25.25" (641.4 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 4.134" (105.0 mm).

TABLE 9. WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 6601 FIRING M392A2 PROJECTILES WITH TiO2/WAX\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, mils	(mm) Wear/rd over	interval, μ
2	2 (0.05)		
302	2 ( .05)	0.0	
602	2 ( .05)	0.0	
902	3 ( .08)	0.10	
1202	2 ( .05)	.10	
1502	3 ( .08)	.10	
1902	3 (1.08)	0.0	
2232	5 ( .13)	0.15	
2404	6 ( .15)	.12	
2604	7 ( .18)	.15	
2784	10 ( .25)	.39	
3000	11 ( .28)	.14	
3200	13 ( .33)	. 25	
3358	13 ( .33)	0.0	
3558	15 ( .38)	.25	

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a stargauge 25.25" (641.4 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 4.134" (105.0 mm).

TABLE 10. WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 3864 FIRING M456A1 PROJECTILES\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, $\mu$
604	51 (1.30)	
704	54 (1.37)	0.7
804	62 (1.57)	2.0
904	68 (1.73)	1.6
1004	74 (1.88)	1.5
1104	83 (2.11)	2.3
1204	89 (2.26)	1.5
1304	97 (2.46)	2.0
1404	104 (2.64)	1.8
1504	108 (2.74)	1.0
1624	114 (2.90)	1.3
1724	121 (3.07)	1.7

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land diameter measured with a stargauge at 25.25" (641.4 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 4.134" (105.0 mm).

TABLE 11. WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 4360 FIRING M456A1 PROJECTILES\*

Tube	Rd.	No.	Wear	, mils	(mm)	Wear/rd	over	interval,	μ
Tube  2 102 202 302 402 502 702 802 1006 1110 1214 1319 1424 1524	Rd.	No.	Wear  2 5 8 16 21 27 43 51 63 71 78 86 91 95	(0.05) (.13) (.20) (.41) (.53) (.69) (1.09) (1.30) (1.80) (1.98) (2.18) (2.31) (2.41)		0.8 0.7 2.1 1.2 1.6 2.0 2.1 1.5 1.9 1.7	3 7 1 2 2 6 6 9 7	interval,	μ
1624 1734 1854 1954			102 108 114 117	(2.41) (2.59) (2.74) (2.90) (2.97)		1.0 1.8 1.4 1.3 0.7	3 3		

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land diameter measured with a stargauge at 25.25" (641.4 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 4.134" (105.0 mm).

TABLE 12. WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 6600 FIRING M456A1 PROJECTILES\*

Tube Rd.	No. Wear	c, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, $\mu$
2	2	(0.05)	
102	3	(.08)	0.3
202	9	( .23)	1.5
302	16	( .41)	1.8
602	34	( .86)	1.5
802	48	(1.22)	1.8
1007	63	(1.60)	1.8
1112	68	(1.73)	1.2
1319	80	(2.03)	1.4
1526	96	(2.44)	2.0
1733	110	(2.79)	1.7
1933	117	(2.97)	1.8

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a stargauge at 25.25" (641.4 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 4.134" (105.0 mm).

TABLE 13. WEAR OF M68 CANNON SN 455 FIRING M392A2 PROJECTILES (POLYURETHANE FOAM)\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, n	nils (mm	)	Wear/rd over	interval, µ
2	2 (0	0.05)			
52	7 (	.18)		2.6	
77	11 (	.28)		4.0	
102	15 (	.38)		4.0	
127	18 (	.46)		3.2	
152	22 (	.56)		4.0	
177	26 (	.66)		4.0	
207	31 (	.79)		4.3	
232	36 (	.91)	4	4.8	
315	•	1.19)		3.4	
361	•	1.40)		4.6	
422	•	1.68)		4.6	
487	•	2.06)		5.8	

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a stargauge at 25.25" (641.4 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 4.134" (105.0 mm).

TABLE 14. WEAR OF M126 CANNON SN 16869 FIRING XM119 CHARGE\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, $\mu$
BF	4 (0.10)	
108	11 ( .28)	. 1.7
210	23 ( .58)	2.9
310	32 ( .81)	2.3
510	58 (1.47)	3.3
711	80 (2.03)	2.8
772	90 (2.29)	4.3
850	95 (2.41)	1.5

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a pullover gauge 30.00" (762 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 6.100" (155.0 mm).

TABLE 15. WEAR OF M185 CANNON SN 22537 FIRING XM201E2 CHARGES\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, µ
1 81 120 301 401 501 601 701 826 951	1 (0.02) 9 (.23) 21 (.53) 32 (.81) 42 (1.07) 44 (1.12) 59 (1.50) 74 (1.88) 77 (1.96) 87 (2.21)	2.6 7.7 1.5 2.6 0.5 3.8 3.8 0.6 2.0

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a pullover gauge 39.6" (1006 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 6.100" (155.0 mm).

TABLE 16. WEAR OF M185 CANNON SN 22684 FIRING XM201E5 CHARGES\*

Tube Rd. No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, $\mu$
1 41 151 261 371 481 601 751 901	4 (0.10) 6 (.15) 11 (.28) 17 (.43) 28 (.71) 34 (.86) 39 (.99) 49 (1.24) 54 (1.37) 65 (1.65)	1.2 1.4 2.5 1.4 1.1 1.7 0.9

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a pullover gauge at 39.6" (1006 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 6.100" (155.0 mm).

TABLE 17. WEAR OF M199 CANNON SN 72 FIRING XM201E2 (MOD) CHARGES\*

Tube Rd. No.		Wear,	mils (mm)	Wear/rd over	interval, $\mu$
518		11	(0.28)		
598		16	( .41)	1.6	
740	15	20	( .51)	0.7	
840		24	( .61)	1.0	
1000		30	(.76)	0.9	
1092	+.	32	( .81)	0.6	
1212		40	(1.02)	1.8	
1340		41	(1.04)	0.2	
1413		45	(1.14)	1.4	
1643	3	51	(1.30)	0.7	
1740	•	55	(1.40)	1.0	
1872		59	(1.50)	0.8	

<sup>\*</sup>Vertical land wear measured with a pullover gauge at 41.75" (1060 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 6.100" (155.0 mm).

TABLE 18. WEAR OF M199 CANNON SN 74 FIRING XM201E5 CHARGE\*

Tube Rd.	No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, p	Ţ
208		3 (0.08)		
308		8**( .20)	1.2	
408		13**( .33)	1.3	
508		19 ( .48)	1.5	
608		23 ( .58)	1.0	
708		28 ( .71)	1.3	
808		36 ( .91)	2.0	

<sup>\*</sup> Vertical land wear measured with a stargauge at 41.75" (1060 mm) RFT. Zero corresponds to 6.100" (155.0 mm).

Table 19 summarizes the wear data listed in Tables 4-18 as mean wear/round and the sample standard deviation. Table 20 compares nozzle wear and nozzle mass loss with typical values for guns selected from Table 19. The large scatter evident in the gun wear also indicates one should fire a sizeable number of rounds in order to compare relative wear to overcome the inherent scatter in data.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Pullover gage readings.

TABLE 19. SUMMARY OF SCATTER IN WEAR MEASUREMENTS IN LARGE CALIBER GUNS

Cannon					
Cal-mm	SN	Ammunition	Wear Intervals	Wear/rd, μ*	Gauge**
60mm MC-AAAC	BG-3	APFSDS	5	19±4	S
90mm T119	38479	HVTP-T83	6	12±4	S
90mm T139	75382	M318A1***	9	3.7±1.1	S
105mm M68	196	M467	7	0.18±0.5	S
105mm M68	3110	M392A2****	13	0.12±0.1	S
105mm M68	6601	M392A2	14	0.12±0.1	S
105mm M68	3864	M456A1****	11	1.6±0.5	S
105mm M68	4360	M456A1****	17	1.5±0.5	S
105mm M68	6600	M456A1****	11	1.5±0.5	S
105mm M68	455	M392A2***	12	4.1±0.8	S
155mm M126	16869	XM119	7	2.7±1.0	P
155mm M185	22537	XM201E2	9	2.8±2.2	P
155mm M185	22684	XM201E5	9	1.5±0.5	P P
155mm M199	72	XM201E2 mod)	-11	0.97±0.4	P
155mm M199	74	XM201E5	6	1.4±0.3	S
			ŭ	1.7-0.5	3

Wear expressed as sample mean and sample standard deviation.

TABLE 20. COMPARISION OF WEAR IN GUNS AND NOZZLES

Mass Loss/rd, mg* 3.1±1.0 5.0±1.7 17.7±4.2 2.9±0.9 1.5±0.6
Wear/rd, µ* 0.25±0.11 0.39± .12
Wear/rd, µ* 19±4 12±4 3.7±1.1 1.5±0.5 0.12±0.1 2.7±1.0 1.4±0.3

<sup>\*</sup>Wear or mass loss expressed as sample mean and sample standard deviation.

<sup>\*\*</sup> S represents stargauge; P represents pullover.

\*\*\* Cartridge equipped with polyurethane foam.

\*\*\*\*Cartridge equipped with TiO2-wax additive.

Table 19 also shows that when many rounds are fired, the mean wear approaches a common value as shown below for the M68 cannon firing the M456Al cartridges

Wear/Round, μ
1.6±0.5
1.5±0.5
1.5±0.5

Another feature of the data in Table 19 is the comparison between stargage and pullover measurements. Table 21 compares test round numbers where both pullover and stargage readings were taken with the XM201E5 charge.

TABLE 21. WEAR OF M199 CANNON SN 74 FIRING XM201E5 CHARGE

Test Rd.	No.	Wear, mils (mm)	Wear/rd over interval, μ
208 308 408 508 608 708		4 (0.10) 8 (.20) 13 (.33) 23 (.58) 24 (.61)	1.0 1.3 2.5 0.3
808		30 ( .76) 38 ( .97)	1.5 2.1

The sample means and sample standard deviations are:

	Wear/rd	M199	SN	74,	μ
Stargage Pullover	1.4±0.3 1.4±0.8				

The higher standard deviation for the pullover is not surprising since the pullover gage is a less precise measuring device.

#### IV. CONCLUSION

The scatter in wear measurements seen in nozzle experiments is also evident in large caliber guns. Gun wear tests need to be designed with this inherent scatter in mind.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. R.W. Geene et al, "Erosivity of a Nitramine Propellant," Ballistic Research Laboratory Technical Report TR-02094, August 1978. (AD A060590)
- 2. J.R. Ward and R.W. Geene, "Erosivity of a Nitramine Propellant with Flame Temperature of M30," Ballistic Research Laboratory Memorandum Report 02926, June 1979. (AD A074346)
- 3. A.J. Bracuti, L. Bottei, J. Lannon, and L.H. Caveny, "Evaluation of Propellant Erosivity with Vented Erosion Apparatus," Proceedings of the 1980 JANNAF Propulsion Meeting, CPIA Publication 315, March 1980.
- 4. J.R. Ward, R.W. Geene, A. Niiler, A. Rye, and B. Grollman, "Blowout Gun Erosivity Experiments with Double-Base, Triple-Base, and Nitramine Propellants," <u>ibid</u>.
- 5. N.H. Smith, "Comparison of the Erosiveness of Propellant Powders," NDRC Armor and Ordnance Report No. A-451, October 1945.
- 6. S.E. Caldwell and A. Niiler, "The Measurement of Wear from Steel Using the Radioactive Co<sup>56</sup>," Ballistic Research Laboratory Report No. 1923, September 1976. (AD A030262)
- 7. R. Birkmire and A. Niiler, "Radioactive Tracers in Erosion Wear Measurements," Proceedings of the Tri-Service Gun Tube Wear and Erosion Symposium, ARRADCOM, Dover, NJ, March 1977.
- 8. G. Samos, B.B. Grollman, and J.R. Ward, "Barrel Erosion Rate of a 60-mm MC-AAAC Gun," Ballistic Research Laboratory Memorandum Report No. 02857, August 1978. (AD A059804)
- 9. P.R. Grepps, "Development Tests of Laminar Cooling of Gun Bores, 90-mm, M41," Sixth Report on Ordnance Project No. TW-417, June 1959.
- 10. R.H. Nelson, "Third Report on the Development Tests of the 90-mm Gun, T119," Fourth Report on Ordnance Project No. TR 3-3045, December 1953.
- 11. P.R. Grepps, "Component Development Test of Laminar Coolant, Barrel-Wear-Reducing-Additive in Cartridge 105-mm APDS-T M392E1 for 105-mm Gun, M68 Ammunition Components," DPS Report No. 768, January 1963.
- 12. R.P. Grepps et al, "Final Report of Product Improvement Test of Ammunition Additive Effect on M41 and M68 Gun Tube Life," DPS Report No. 1520, December 1964.
- 13. L.R. Nealley, "Development and Engineering Tests of Cartridge 105-mm, M393E1 HEP-T and TP-T," DPS Report No. 463, June 1962.
- 14. T.G. Hughes, "DTII Test of Propelling Charges, 155-mm, XM201E5," APG Firing Record P-82646, July 1977.
- 15. J.A. Demaree, "155-mm M185 Tube Wear Test of Charge Propelling XM201E5," JPG Report No. 76-601, June 1976.

#### REFERENCES (continued)

- 16. J.R. Struve and J.S. Whitcraft, "Final Report of Engineering Test of Charge, Propelling, 155-mm, XM119, with Projectile, 155-mm HE M107 in the Howitzer SP, 155-mm M109," DPS Report No. 1464, October 1964.
- 17. P.V. Tague, "DTII of the XM198, 155-mm Howitzer, XM199E9 Tube Wear Investigation," YPG Firing Report 13702, February 1977.

	DISTRIBUTION	N LIST	
No.o	.f	No.	o.f
Copi		Copi	
		COPI	organization of the state of th
12	Commander Defense Technical Info Center ATTN: DTIC-DDA Cameron Station Alexandria, VA 22314	5	Commander US Army Armament Research & Development Command ATTN: DRDAR-LC, J. Frasier J. Lannon
1	Director of Defense Research and Engineering ATTN: R. Thorkildsen The Pentagon Arlington Va 20301	3	A. Bracuti A. Moss R. Walker Dover, NJ 07801  Commander
1	Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency Director, Materials Division 1400 Wilson Boulevard Arlington, VA 22209		US Army Armament Research & Development Command ATTN: DRDAR-LC E. Barrieres R. Corn K. Rubin Dover, NJ 07801
3	HDQA (DAMA-ARZ, DAMA-CSM, DAMA-WSW)	2	Commander
1	Washington, DC 20310  Commander US Army Material Development and Readiness Command ATTN: DRCDMD-ST 5001 Eisenhower Avenue		US Army Armament Research & Development Command ATTN; DRDAR-LC K. Russell D. Downs Dover, NJ 07801
2	Alexandria, VA 22333	1	Commander US_Army Armament Research &
2	Commander US Army Armament Research & Developement Command ATTN: DRDAR-TSS		Development Command ATTN: DRDAR-QA, J. Rutkowski Dover, NJ 07801
5	Dover, NJ 07801  Commander US Army Armament Research &	1	Commander US Army Armament Material Readiness Command
	Development Command ATTN: DRDAR-SC D. Gyorog H. Kaln B. Brodman S. Cytron T. Hung	· 3	ATTN: DRSAR-LEP-L, Tech Lib Rock Island, IL 61299  Commander US Army Armament Materials Readiness Command ATTN: DRSAR-ASR DRSAR-LEA
	Dover, NJ 07801		DRSAR-QAL Rock Island, IL 61299

	0131816011	ON L	151
No. of		No.	of
Copies	Organization	Copi	
		дор з	organization
Deve Benet	ny Armament Research & elopment Command Laboratory I. Ahmad T. Davidson G. Friar	1	Commander US Army Electronics Research & Development Command Technical Support Activity ATTN: DELSD-L Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703
Waterv	P. Greco M. Kamdar J. Zweig Vliet, NY 12189	1	Commander US Army Missile Command ATTN: DRSMI-R Redstone Arsenal, AL 35809
Deve Benet	nder  ny Research & Plopment Command Laboratory J. Busuttil W. Austin R. Montgomery	1	Commander US Army Missile Command ATTN: DRSMI-YDL Redstone Arsenal, AL 35809 Commander
Waterv	R. Billington J. Santini DRDAR-LCB-TL liet, NY 12189	1	US Army Tank Automotive Rsch and Development Command ATTN: DRDTA-UL Warren, MI 48090 President
Deve ATTN: 4300 G	nder y Aviation Research & lopment Command DRDAV-E oodfellow Blvd. uis, MO 63120		US Army Armor & Engineer Bd Ft. Knox, KY 40121  Project Manager, M60 Tanks US Army Tank & Automotive Cmd Warren, MI 48090
and Ames R Moffet	y Air Mobility Research Development Laboratory esearch Center t Field, CA 94035	4	Project Manager Cannon Artillery Weapons Systems ATTN: DRCPM-CAWS US Army Armament Research & Development Command Dover, NJ 07801
Labo	or y Research & Technology ratories R.A. Langsworthy stis, VA 23604	2	Project Manager ATTN: J. Turkeltaub S. Smith Rock Island, IL 61299
and ATTN:	der y Communications Rsch Development Command DRDCO-PPA-SA onmouth, NJ 07703	1	Program Manager M1 Abrams Tank System ATTN: DRCPM-GCM-S Warren, MI 48090

#### No. of No. of Copies Organization Copies Organization 1 Project Manager 1 Commander Tank Main Armament US Army Field Artillery School ATTN: A. Albright Ft. Sill, OK 73503 Dover, NJ 07801 5 Commander 1 Project Manager, ARGADS Naval Surface Wpns Center Dover, NJ 07801 ATTN: M. Shamblen J. O'Brasky 3 Director C. Smith US Army Research Office L. Russell ATTN: P. Parish T.W. Smith E. Saibel Dahlgren, VA 22448 D. Squire P.O. Box 12211 2 Commander Rsch Triangle Park, NC 27709 Naval Ordnance Station, Louisville 2 Director ATTN: F. Blume US Army Materials & Mechanics Louisville, KY 40202 Research Center ATTN: J.W. Johnson 2 AFATL (D. Uhrig, O. Heiney) K. Sheppard Eglin AFB, FL 32542 Watertown, MA 02172 1 National Bureau of Standards 1 Commander Materials Division US Army DARCOM Material ATTN: A.W. Ruff Readiness Support Activity Washington, DC 20234 ATTN: DRXMD-ED Lexington, KY 40511 1 National Science Foundation Materials Division 1 Director Washington, DC 20550 US Army TRADOC Systems Analysis Activity 1 Battelle Columbus Laboratory ATTN: ATAA-SL, Tech Lib ATTN: G. Wolken White Sands Missile Range, 505 King Avenue NM 88002 Columbus, OH 43201 1 Commander 1 Lawrence Livermore Laboratory ATTN: J. Kury P. O. Box 808 US Army Air Defense Center ATTN: ATSA-SM-L Livermore, CA 94550 Ft. Bliss, TX 79916

1 Commander

US Army Armor Center

Ft. Knox, KY 40121

ATTN: ATZK-XM1

2 Calspan Corporation

P. O. Box 400 Buffalo, NY 14221

ATTN: G. Sterbutzel

F. Vassallo

# No. of Copies Organization

No. of Copies Organization

Director
Materials Engineering and
Technology G.P.D. P&WA Group, UTC
P.O. Box 2691
West Palm Beach, FL 33402

1 University of Illinois
Dept of Mechnical Engineering
ATTN: H. Krier
144 MEB, 1206 W. Green St.
Urbana, IL 61803

1 Director
Chemical Propulsion Info Agency
Johns Hopkins University
ATTN: T. Christian
Johns Hopkins Road
Laurel, MD 20810

#### Aberdeen Proving Ground

Laurel, MD 20810

1 Princeton University
Forrestal Campus Library
ATTN: Tech Lib

Dir, USAMTD
ATTN: H. Graves, Bldg 400
C. Lavery, Bldg 400
L. Barnhart, Bldg. 400
K. Jones, Bldg 400
R. Moody, Bldg 525

B. Royce P.O. Box 710 Princeton, NJ 08540 Cdr, TECOM ATTN: DRSTE-FA

Purdue University
School of Mechanical Engineering
ATTN: J.R. Osborn

DRSTE-AR DRSTE-AD DRSTE-TO-F

1 SRI International
Materials Research Center
333 Ravenswood Avenue
Menlo Park, AC 94025

W. Lafayette, IN 47909

Dir, USAMSAA
ATTN: DRXSY-D
DRXSY-MP, H. Cohen
D. Barnhart, RAM Div
G. Alexander, RAM Div
Air Warfare Div
Ground Warfare Div
RAM Division

Dir, USACSL, Bldg E3516, EA ATTN: DRDAR-CLB-PA

#### USER EVALUATION OF REPORT

Please take a few minutes to answer the questions below; tear out this sheet, fold as indicated, staple or tape closed, and place in the mail. Your comments will provide us with information for improving future reports.

. BRL Report Number
2. Does this report satisfy a need? (Comment on purpose, relate project, or other area of interest for which report will be used.
3. How, specifically, is the report being used? (Information source, design data or procedure, management procedure, source of deas, etc.)
H. Has the information in this report led to any quantitative savings as far as man-hours/contract dollars saved, operating cost avoided, efficiencies achieved, etc.? If so, please elaborate.
G. General Comments (Indicate what you think should be changed to make this report and future reports of this type more responsive to your needs, more usable, improve readability, etc.)
6. If you would like to be contacted by the personnel who prepart this report to raise specific questions or discuss the topic, please fill in the following information.
Name:
Telephone Number:
Organization Address: